

Metalwork

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook is not required but is designed to help you with this merit badge. No one can add or subtract from the Boy Scout Requirements #33215. Use page backs & add pages as needed. Please send comments to: craig@craiglincoln.com. Requirements revised: 2005, Workbook updated: January 2005.

Scout's Name:	
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Unit: _____

Counselor's Name: _____

Counselor's Ph #: _____

1) Read the safety rules listed in the Metalwork merit badge pamphlet. Describe to your counselor how to be safe while working with metal.

Because this merit badge offers four options, show your counselor which additional safety rules apply to the discipline you choose and discuss them with your counselor.

2) Do the following:

a) Define the term native metal.

b) Define the term malleable.

c) Define the term metallurgy.

d) Define the term alloy.

e) Name two nonferrous alloys used by pre-Iron Age metalworkers, _____

and name three ferrous alloys used by modern metalworkers.

Metal	Work p. 2	Merit Badge Workbook	Scout's Name:	
	g) Describe how to work-harden a metal	I		
	h) Describe how to anneal a non-ferrous			
h) Describe how to anneal a non-ferrous				
	and a ferrous metal.			
3) Do	the following:			
	a) Put a 45-degree bend in a small pi		rass or sheet copper. Note the amount of ce of metal.	
			oper. and then put a 45-degree bend in it.	
			hen try to remove the 45-degree bend. Note	
	d) Join two small pieces of scrap me	etal using a hammered rivet.		
	Repeat the process using a pop rive	t.		
	🔲 e) Using a flatlock seam, join two pie	eces of scrap metal together wi	th either lead-free solder or silver solder.	
	f) Make a temper color index from a f medium-carbon or high-carbon steel.	flat piece of steel. Using hand t	ools, make and temper a center punch of	
	g) Using metal cans, practice using t objects that require cutting, bending, an	5	nd techniques by making at least two tasteful	
4) Do	ONE of the following:			
	a) Visit an experienced sheet metal mech workshop. You may select a skilled hobl examine examples of the work made at t	byist or a professional. Ask pe		

Inquire about the level of education required to become an apprentice craftsman.

b) If you have (or your counselor has) access to the internet, explore metalworking occupations by conducting a Web search. With your counselor's help and guidance, find at least five metalworking-related Web sites. Print a copy of the web pages and discuss them with your counselor. When conducting your Web search, use keywords such as metallurgy, metalwork, spinning metal, metal fabrication, steel fabrication, aluminum fabrication, casting metal, pattern making, welding, forge welding, blacksmith, art metal, Artist Blacksmith Association of North America, farrier, brazing, goldsmith, machinist, or sheet metal mechanic.

c) After completing the first three requirements, complete at least ONE of the options listed below.

a) Option 1 – Sheet Metal Mechanic / Tinsmith

1) Name and describe the use of the basic sheet metalworking tools.

2) Create a reasonably accurate sketch of two tasteful objects to make from sheet metal. Include each component's dimensions on your sketch.

3) Using patterns provided either by your counselor or made by you, make at least two tasteful objects out of
24- or 26-gauge sheet metal. Use a metal that is appropriate to the object's ultimate purpose.

a) Both objects must be constructed using culling, bending, edging, and either soldering or brazing

b) One object must include at least one riveted component

c) If you do not make your objects from zinc-plated sheet steel or tin-plated sheet steel, preserve your work from oxidation.

b) Option 2 - Silversmith

1) Name and describe the use of the basic tools used by a silversmith.

2) Create a reasonably accurate hand-drawn sketch of two tasteful objects to make from sheet silver. Include each component's dimensions on your sketch.

Merit Badge Workbook

Scout's Name: _____

3) Using patterns provided either by your counselor or made by you, make at least two tasteful objects out of 18- or 20-gauge sheet Copper. If you have prior silversmithing experience, you may substitute sterling silver, nickel silver, or lead free pewter.

a) At least one object must include a sawed component you have made yourself.

b) At least one object must include a sunken part you have made yourself.

c) Both objects must include a soldered joint.

d) Clean and polish your objects.

c) Option 3 – Founder

1) Name and describe the use of the basic parts of a two-piece mold.

Name at least three different types of molds.

2) Create a reasonably accurate sketch of two tasteful objects to cast in metal. Include the height, width, and length on the sketch.

3) Do the following:

- a) Using a pattern provided by your counselor and another one made by yourself, make two molds. Position the pouring gates and vents yourself. Do not use copyrighted materials as patterns.
- b) Make a casting using a mold provided by your counselor and make a casting using the mold you have made. Use lead free pewter when casting each mold.

c) Remove all evidence of gates, vents, and parting-line flash from your castings.

d) Option 4 - Blacksmith

1) Name and tell the use of the basic tools used by a blacksmith. ______

2) Make a reasonably accurate sketch of two tasteful objects to hot-forge. Include each component's dimensions on your sketch.

3) Using low-carbon steel at least ¼ inch thick, perform the following exercises:
a) Draw out by forging a taper.
b) Use the horn of the anvil by forging a U-shaped bend.
c) Twist steel by placing a decorative twist in a piece of square steel.
\Box d) Use the edge of the anvil to bend metal by forging an L-shaped bend.
4) Using low-carbon steel at least ¼ inch thick, make at least two tasteful objects that require hot-forging.
a) Include a decorative twist on one object.
b) Include a hammer-riveted joint in one object.
5) Preserve your work from oxidation.